

ab171334 – sE-Selectin (sCD62E) Rat ELISA Kit

Instructions for Use

For quantitative detection of rat soluble sE-Selectin (sCD62E) cell culture supernatants, serum and plasma (heparin, citrate).

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

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1. BACKGROUND

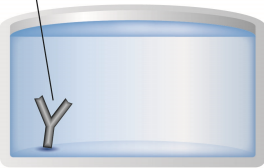
Abcam's rat soluble sE-Selectin (sCD62E) *in vitro* ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for the accurate quantitative measurement of rat soluble sE-Selectin in cell culture supernatants, serum and plasma (heparin, citrate).

An sE-Selectin specific mouse monoclonal antibody has been precoated onto 96-well plates. Standards and test samples are added to the wells and incubated. A biotinylated detection polyclonal antibody from goat, specific for sE-Selectin is then added followed by washing with PBS or TBS buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex is added and unbound conjugates are washed away with PBS or TBS buffer. TMB is then used to visualize the HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB is catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow coloration is directly proportional to the rat sE-Selectin amount of sample captured in plate.

E-selectin, also called endothelial-leukocyte adhesion molecule-1 (ELAM-1), is a cell surface glycoprotein expressed by cytokine-activated endothelium that mediates the adhesion of blood neutrophils. An increased expression of E-selectin has been observed in the arterial endothelium interacting with lymphocytes and macrophages in Human atherosclerotic lesions. E-selectin plays a critical role in mediating tissue-specific homing of T cells into skin, and of primitive hematopoietic progenitor cells (HPCs) into bone marrow (BM). A structurally and functionally related group of genes, lymph node homing receptor (LHR), granule membrane protein 140 (GMP-140), and endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecule 1 (ELAM-1) are shown to constitute a gene cluster on mouse and Human chromosome 1.

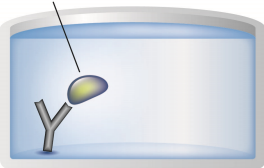
2. ASSAY SUMMARY

Primary Capture Antibody



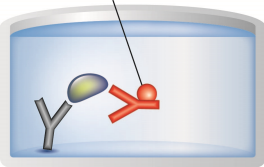
Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.

Sample



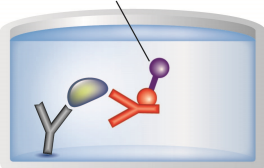
Add standard or sample to each well used. Incubate at room temperature.

Biotinylated Antibody



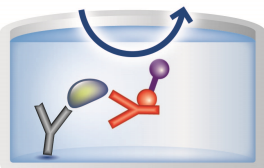
Add prepared biotin antibody to each well. Incubate at room temperature.

Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex



Add prepared Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC). Incubate at room temperature.

Substrate Colored Product



Add TMB to each well. Incubate at room temperature. Add Stop Solution to each well. Read

3. PRECAUTIONS

Please read these instructions carefully prior to beginning the assay.

All kit components have been formulated and quality control tested to function successfully as a kit. Modifications to the kit components or procedures may result in loss of performance.

4. STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store kit at -20°C immediately upon receipt. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Refer to list of materials supplied for storage conditions of individual components.

5. MATERIALS SUPPLIED

Item	Amount	Storage Condition (Before Preparation)
Anti-rat sE-Selectin Antibody Microplate (12 x 8 wells)	96 Wells	-20°C
Lyophilized recombinant rat sE-Selectin standard	2 x 10 ng	-20°C
Biotinylated anti-rat sE-Selectin antibody	130 µL	-20°C
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC)	130 µL	-20°C
Sample Diluent Buffer	30 mL	-20°C
Antibody Diluent Buffer	12 mL	-20°C
ABC Diluent Buffer	12 mL	-20°C
TMB Color Developing Agent	10 mL	-20°C
TMB Stop Solution	10 mL	-20°C
Plate Seal	4 Units	-20°C

6. MATERIALS REQUIRED, NOT SUPPLIED

These materials are not included in the kit, but will be required to successfully utilize this assay:

- Standard microplate reader
- Automated plate washer (optional)
- Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips. Multichannel pipettes are recommended when large sample sets are being analyzed
- Eppendorf tubes
- Washing buffer, either neutral PBS or TBS (see Section 9 for recipes)

7. LIMITATIONS

- Assay kit intended for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures
- Do not mix or substitute reagents or materials from other kit lots or vendors. Kits are QC tested as a set of components and performance cannot be guaranteed if utilized separately or substituted

8. TECHNICAL HINTS

- To determine the appropriate sample dilution to use in this ELISA a pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended
- The TMB Color Developing agent is colorless and transparent before use
- Before using the kit, briefly centrifuge the tubes in case any of the contents are trapped in the lid
- It is recommended to assay all standards, controls and samples in duplicate
- Do not let the 96-well plate dry out as this will inactivate active components on plate
- To avoid cross contamination do not reuse tips and tubes
- In order to avoid marginal effects of plate incubation due to temperature difference (reaction may be stronger in the marginal wells), it is suggested that the diluted ABC and TMB solution be pre-warmed in 37°C for 30 minutes before using
- **This kit is sold based on number of tests. A ‘test’ simply refers to a single assay well. The number of wells that contain sample, control or standard will vary by product. Review the protocol completely to confirm this kit meets your requirements. Please contact our Technical Support staff with any questions**

9. REAGENT PREPARATION

Equilibrate all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) prior to use.

9.1 **1X Biotinylated anti-rat sE-Selectin**

Biotinylated anti-rat sE-Selectin antibody must be diluted 1:100 with the Antibody Diluent Buffer and mixed thoroughly (i.e. add 1 µL Biotinylated anti-rat sE-Selectin antibody to 99 µL Antibody Diluent Buffer.) The total volume required should be; 100 µL/well multiplied by the total number of wells (allow 100 µL - 200 µL extra for pipetting error).

9.2 **1X Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex**

Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) must be diluted 1:100 with ABC Diluent Buffer and mixed thoroughly (i.e. add 1 µL ABC to 99 µL ABC Diluent Buffer.) The total volume required should be; 100 µL/well multiplied by the total number of wells (allow 100 µL - 200 µL extra for pipetting error).

9.3 **0.01 M TBS**

Add 1.2 g Tris, 8.5 g NaCl; 450 µL of purified acetic acid or 700 µL of concentrated hydrochloric acid to distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2 - 7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1 L with distilled water.

9.4 **0.01 M PBS**

Add 8.5 g NaCl, 1.4 g Na₂HPO₄ and 0.2 g NaH₂PO₄ to distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2 - 7.6. Finally, adjust the total volume to 1 L with distilled water.

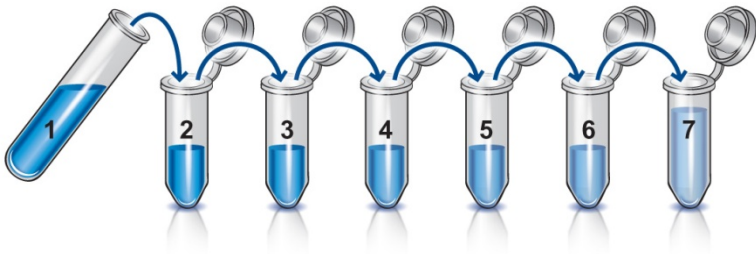
10. STANDARD PREPARATIONS

Prepare serially diluted standards immediately prior to use. Always prepare a fresh set of standards for every use. Reconstitution of the rat sE-Selectin standard should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of sE-Selectin standard (10 ng per tube) are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.

- 10.1 Prepare a 10 ng/mL **Standard #1** by reconstituting the sE-Selectin standard with addition of 1 mL Sample Diluent Buffer. Hold at room temperature for 10 minutes. This 10 ng/mL **Standard #1** should be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 10.2 Label seven tubes with #2 - 8.
- 10.3 Add 300 µL Sample Diluent Buffer into tubes #2 - 8.
- 10.4 Prepare **Standard #2** by transferring 300 µL from Standard #1 to tube #2. Mix thoroughly and gently.
- 10.5 Prepare **Standard #3** by transferring 300 µL from Standard #2 to tube #3. Mix thoroughly and gently.
- 10.6 Prepare **Standard #4** by transferring 300 µL from Standard #3 to tube #4. Mix thoroughly and gently.
- 10.7 Using the table below as a guide, repeat for tubes #5 through #7.
- 10.8 **Standard #8** contains no protein and is the Blank control.

ASSAY PREPARATION

Standard #	Sample to Dilute	Volume to Dilute (μL)	Volume of Diluent (μL)	Starting Conc. (pg/mL)	Final Conc. (pg/mL)
1	Step 10.1				10,000
2	Standard #1	300	300	10,000	5,000
3	Standard #2	300	300	5,000	2,500
4	Standard #3	300	300	2,500	1,250
5	Standard #4	300	300	1,250	625
6	Standard #5	300	300	625	312
7	Standard #6	300	300	312	156
8	None	-	300	-	-



11. SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2 - 8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

11.1 Cell Culture Supernatants

Remove particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

11.2 Serum

Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 4 hours) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 2,000 x *g* for 20 minutes. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

11.3 Plasma

Collect plasma using heparin or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1,500 x *g* within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

12. SAMPLE PREPARATION

General Sample information:

The user needs to estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and select the correct dilution factor so that the diluted target protein concentration falls near the middle of the linear regime in the standard curve.

Dilute the samples using the provided Sample Diluent Buffer. The following is a guideline for sample dilution. Several trials may be necessary to determine the optimal dilution factor. The sample must be thoroughly mixed with the Sample Diluent Buffer before assaying.

- High target protein concentration (100 - 1000 ng/mL). The working dilution is 1:100. i.e. Add 1 μ L sample into 99 μ L Sample Diluent Buffer
- Medium target protein concentration (10 - 100 ng/mL). The working dilution is 1:10. i.e. Add 10 μ L sample into 90 μ L Sample Diluent Buffer
- Low target protein concentration (156 - 10,000 pg/mL). The working dilution is 1:2. i.e. Add 50 μ L sample to 50 μ L Sample Diluent Buffer
- Very Low target protein concentration (\leq 156 pg/mL). No dilution necessary, or the working dilution is 1:2.

13. PLATE PREPARATION

- The 96 well plate strips included with this kit are supplied ready to use. It is not necessary to rinse the plate prior to adding reagents
- Unused well strips should be returned to the plate packet and stored at 4°C
- For each assay performed, a minimum of 2 wells must be used as blanks, omitting primary antibody from well additions
- For statistical reasons, we recommend each sample should be assayed with a minimum of two replicates (duplicates)
- Well effects have not been observed with this assay. Contents of each well can be recorded on the template sheet included in the Resources section

14. ASSAY PROCEDURE

- **Equilibrate all materials and prepared reagents to room temperature prior to use.**
- **It is recommended to assay all standards, controls and samples in duplicate.**
 - 14.1 Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in the previous sections
 - 14.2 Add 100 μ L of prepared standards and diluted samples to appropriate wells.
 - 14.3 Seal the plate using a new plate seal and incubate at 37°C for 90 minutes.
 - 14.4 Remove the seal, discard contents of each well, and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Do NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
 - 14.5 Add 100 μ L of 1X Biotinylated anti-rat sE-Selectin antibody into each well, seal the plate using a new plate seal and incubate the plate at 37°C for 60 minutes.
 - 14.6 Wash the plate three times with 300 μ L 0.01 M TBS or 0.01 M PBS, and each time let the washing buffer stay in the wells for one minute. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.

Note: For automated washing, aspirate all wells and wash THREE times with PBS or TBS buffer, overfilling wells with each wash. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.
 - 14.7 Add 100 μ L of 1X Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex working solution into each well, seal the plate and incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
 - 14.8 Wash plate five times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1 - 2 minutes. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. (See Step 14.6 for plate washing method).

ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 14.9 Add 90 μ L of prepared TMB color developing agent into each well, seal the plate and incubate plate at 37°C in dark for 20 - 25 minutes.

Note: The optimal incubation time should be determined by end user. The shades of blue should be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated rat sE-Selectin standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color.

- 14.10 Add 100 μ L of prepared TMB Stop Solution into each well. The color changes into yellow immediately.
- 14.11 Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm in a microplate reader within 30 minutes after adding the stop solution.

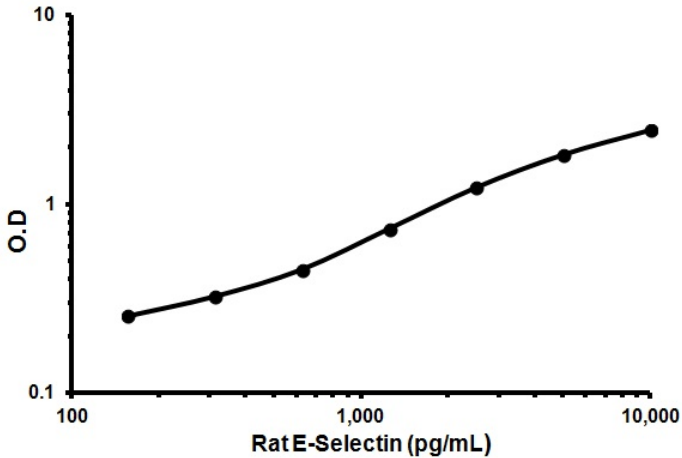
15. CALCULATIONS

For calculation, the relative O.D.450 = (the O.D.450 of each well) – (the O.D.450 of Zero well). The standard curve can be plotted as the relative O.D.450 of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). The rat sE-Selectin concentration of the samples can be interpolated from the standard curve.

Note: If the samples measured were diluted, make sure to account for this in your calculations.

16. TYPICAL DATA

TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE – Data provided for **demonstration purposes only**. A new standard curve must be generated for each assay performed.



Conc. (pg/mL)	O.D. 450nm
0.0	0.053
156	0.255
312	0.324
625	0.450
1,250	0.739
2,500	1.220
5,000	1.820
10,000	2.454

17. TYPICAL SAMPLE VALUES

RANGE – 156 - 10,000 pg/mL

SENSITIVITY – < 10 pg/mL

18. ASSAY SPECIFICITY

This kit detects both endogenous and recombinant rat soluble sE-Selectin.

No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

19. TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	Inaccurate pipetting	Check pipettes
	Improper standards dilution	Prior to opening, briefly spin the stock standard tube and dissolve the powder thoroughly by gentle mixing
Low Signal	Incubation times too brief	Ensure sufficient incubation times; change to overnight standard/sample incubation
	Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
Samples give higher value than the highest standard	Starting sample concentration is too high.	Dilute the specimens and repeat the assay
Large CV	Plate is insufficiently washed	Review manual for proper wash technique. If using a plate washer, check all ports for obstructions
	Contaminated wash buffer	Prepare fresh wash buffer
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of the kit	Store the all components as directed.

20. NOTES

UK, EU and ROW

Email: technical@abcam.com | Tel: +44-(0)1223-696000

Austria

Email: wissenschaftlicherdienst@abcam.com | Tel: 019-288-259

France

Email: supportscientifique@abcam.com | Tel: 01-46-94-62-96

Germany

Email: wissenschaftlicherdienst@abcam.com | Tel: 030-896-779-154

Spain

Email: soportecientifico@abcam.com | Tel: 911-146-554

Switzerland

Email: technical@abcam.com

Tel (Deutsch): 0435-016-424 | Tel (Français): 0615-000-530

US and Latin America

Email: us.technical@abcam.com | Tel: 888-77-ABCAM (22226)

Canada

Email: ca.technical@abcam.com | Tel: 877-749-8807

China and Asia Pacific

Email: hk.technical@abcam.com | Tel: 400 921 0189 / +86 21 2070 0500

Japan

Email: technical@abcam.co.jp | Tel: +81-(0)3-6231-0940

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