

Human IL-3 Rα/CD123 PE-conjugated Antibody

Monoclonal Mouse IgG₁ Clone # 32703

Catalog Number: FAB301P

100 Tests

DESCRIPTION		
Species Reactivity	Human	
Specificity	Detects human IL-3 Rα in direct ELISAs and Western blots.	
Source	Monoclonal Mouse IgG ₁ Clone # 32703	
Purification	Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant	
Immunogen	S. frugiperda insect ovarian cell line Sf 21-derived recombinant human IL-3 Rα Lys20-Arg305, predicted Accession # P26951	
Conjugate	Phycoerythrin Excitation Wavelength: 488 nm Emission Wavelength: 565-605 nm	
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.	
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.	

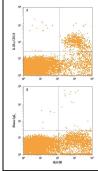
APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

7.7.7	nended Sample tration
Flow Cytometry 10 µL	9 ⁶ cells See Below

DATA

Flow Cytometry



Detection of IL-3 Ra/CD123 in Human Blood Lymphocytes by Flow Cytometry. Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with Mouse Anti-Human HLA-DR APC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB4869A) and either (A) Mouse Anti-Human IL-3 Ra/CD123 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # FAB301P) or (B) Mouse IgG₁ Phycoerythrin Isotype Control (Catalog # IC002P). View our protocol for Staining Membrane-associated Proteins.

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

IL-3 is a pleiotropic cytokine that can stimulate proliferation and differentiation of pluripotent hematopoietic stem cells as well as various lineage committed progenitors (1, 2). IL-3 exerts its activity through binding to a specific cell surface receptor known as IL-3 R. IL-3 R is a heterodimeric structure composed of a 70 kDa IL-3 R α subunit (CD123) and a 120-140 kDa IL-3 R β subunit (CD131) (3, 4). IL-3 R α binds IL-3 with relatively low affinity. In the presence of IL-3 R β , however, IL-3 R α has a much higher affinity for IL-3. It is not clear how signal transduction occurs following IL-3 binding. The IL-3 R α chain has a very short intracellular domain while the IL-3 R β chain has a very large cytoplasmic domain. The IL-3 R β chain is also shared by the receptors for IL-5 and GM-CSF. Cells known to express IL-3 receptors include hematopoietic progenitors, epithelial cells, double negative T cells, mast cells, basophils and blood monocytes (5).

References:

- 1. Moore, M.A.S. et al. (1991) Blood 72:944.
- 2. Warren, D.J. et al. (1988) J. Immunol. 140:94.
- 3. Plant M. et al. (1989) Nature 339:150.
- 4. Budel, L.M. *et al.* (1990) Blood **75**:1439
- 5. Schrader, J.W. et al. (1988) In Interleukin-3: The Panspecific hemopoietin (ed. J.W. Schrader), Academic Press, San Diego, CA.

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