

MTT Cell Viability Assay Kit

Catalog Number KA1606

500 assays

Version: 04

Intended for research use only

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Introduction

Intended Use

The MTT Cell Viability Assay Kit provides a convenient, sensitive, quantitative and reliable assay for determining the number of viable cells in a given culture. This homogeneous colorimetric assay is based on the conversion of a tetrazolium salt MTT, a pale yellow substrate, to formazan, a purple dye. This cellular reduction reaction involves the pyridine nucleotide cofactors NADH/NADPH and is only catalyzed by living cells. The formazan product has a low aqueous solubility and is present as purple crystals. Dissolving the resulting formazan with a solubilization buffer permits the convenient quantification of product formation. The intensity of the product color, measured at 550 - 620 nm, is directly proportional to the number of living cells in the culture. Reagents in the kit have been carefully formulated and optimized for sensitivity, assay robustness and automation.

Features:

- ✓ Safe. Non-radioactive assay.
- ✓ Sensitive and accurate. As low as 950 cells can be accurately quantified.
- ✓ Convenient and high-throughput. "Mix-incubate-measure" type assay. No wash and reagent transfer steps are involved. Z' factors of 0.5 and above are observed. Can be readily automated with HTS liquid handling systems.

Applications:

- ✓ Cell Proliferation: effects of cytokines, growth factor, nutrients.
- Cytotoxicity and Apoptosis: evaluation of toxic compounds, anti-cancer antibodies, toxins, environmental pollutants etc.
- ✓ Drug Discovery: high-throughput screen for toxic and anticancer drugs.

Background

The study of cell proliferation and cell viability requires the accurate quantification of the number of viable cells in a cell culture. Therefore, assays for calculating cell viability are necessary for optimizing cell culture conditions, evaluating cell growth factors and nutrients, discovering novel antibiotics and anti-cancer drugs, evaluating toxic effects of environmental pollutants and cell mediated toxicity and studying programmed cell death (apoptosis).



General Information

Materials Supplied

List of component

Component	Amount
Solubilizer	50 mL
Reagent	10 mL

Storage Instruction

Store the Reagent at -20 °C. Solubilization Solution can be stored at room temperature. Shelf life: 12 month after receipt.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- ✓ Pipetting devices
- ✓ Clear 96-well culture plates
- ✓ Pate reader capable of either measuring absorbance between 560-590 nm

Precautions for Use

Reagents are for research use only. Normal precautions for laboratory reagents should be exercised while using the reagents.



Assay Protocol

Assay Procedure

- Plate and culture cells (80 μL per well) in a clear bottom 96-well tissue culture plates. Assays can be performed on either adherent cells or cells in suspension. The number of cells can vary from 1,000 to 80,000 per well. The volume can vary from 50 to 150 μL, although 80 μL is used in this example. In addition to the test samples, one must include control wells of culture medium containing no cells or cells treated with a toxic reagent such as 0.1% saponin.
- Add test compounds and controls and incubate cells for the desired period of time (typically overnight). It is recommended that assays be run in duplicate or triplicate. A volume of 20 µL in phosphate buffered saline (PBS) or culture medium is recommended for the test compounds and controls. The Control Reagent can be conveniently reconstituted with 5 mL PBS (1% saponin).
- Warm Reagent and to room temperature. Add 15 μL (per 80 μL cell culture) of Reagent per well and incubate for 4 hours at 37°C. The volume of the reagent should be adjusted depending on the volume of cell culture.
- 4. Add 100 μL of the Solubilizer to each well. Mix gently on an orbital shaker for one hour at room temperature. The volume of the Solubilizer should be adjusted depending on the volume of cell culture. If precipitation occurs in the Solubilizer, place the bottle in a warm water bath or at 37°C and shake to dissolve precipitates.
- Measure OD_{570nm} for each well on an absorbance plate reader. Maximum absorbance of the formazan dye lies between 560 and 590 nm. If desired, the OD measurement can be performed the following day. In this case, it is recommended to seal the plate to minimize evaporation.



Data Analysis

Calculation of Results

Determine the average of the blank controls and subtract this amount from all absorbance values. Plot the corrected absorbance values at 570 nm against the concentration of the test compound. Determine the EC_{50} value for cell proliferation and IC_{50} value for cytotoxic compound by non-linear regression analysis using Prism or another data analysis tool.



0.0026 wt%.



Resources

References

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